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| APPLICATION NO. | FII | LING DATE | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO. | |
|--------------------|---------------------------------|------------|----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|--|
| 10/752,074 | 01/05/2004 | | Frederick L. Bixler | 36559/470 | 36559/470 5482 | |
| 26646 | 7590 | 12/15/2005 | | EXAMINER | | |
| | KENYON & KENYON ONE BROADWAY | | | | HYLTON, ROBIN ANNETTE | |
| NEW YORK, NY 10004 | | | | ART UNIT | ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER | |
| | • | | | 3727 | | |

DATE MAILED: 12/15/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

| | Application No. | Applicant(s) |
|--|---|--|
| | 10/752,074 | BIXLER ET AL. |
| Office Action Summary | Examiner | Art Unit |
| | Robin A. Hylton | 3727 |
| The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply | ears on the cover sheet with the c | correspondence address |
| A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). | ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tir vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE | N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. (D. (35 U.S.C. § 133). |
| Status | | |
| 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) ▼ This 3) Since this application is in condition for alloward closed in accordance with the practice under E | action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro | |
| Disposition of Claims | | |
| 4) Claim(s) 1-22 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) 22 is/are withdrawn fr 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-21 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or | rom consideration. | |
| Application Papers | | |
| 9)⊠ The specification is objected to by the Examiner 10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)□ acce Applicant may not request that any objection to the o Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correcti 11)□ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner | epted or b) objected to by the l drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See on is required if the drawing(s) is ob | e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). |
| Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 | | |
| 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prioric application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of | s have been received. s have been received in Applicati ity documents have been receive (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). | on No ed in this National Stage |
| Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 2-26-04. | 4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other: | |

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Election/Restrictions

1. Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:

I. Claim 22, drawn to a method of producing a tamper indicating closure, classified

in class 264, subclass 318.

II. Claims 1-21, drawn to a tamper indicating closure including a tamper indicating

band, classified in class 215, subclass 252.

The inventions are distinct, each from the other because of the following reasons:

2. Inventions of Group I and Group II are related as process of making and product made.

The inventions are distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) that the process as

claimed can be used to make other and materially different product or (2) that the product as

claimed can be made by another and materially different process (MPEP § 806.05(f)). In the

instant case the closure can be made by molding the tabs to extend in an upwardly and

outwardly orientation.

3. Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above and have acquired a

separate status in the art as shown by their different classification, restriction for examination

purposes as indicated is proper.

4. During a telephone conversation with Clifford Ulrich on November 7, 2005 a provisional

election was made with traverse to prosecute the invention of Group II, claims 1-21. Affirmation

of this election must be made by applicant in replying to this Office action. Claim 22 has been

withdrawn from further consideration by the examiner, 37 CFR 1.142(b), as being drawn to a

non-elected invention.

5. Applicant is reminded that upon the cancellation of claims to a non-elected invention, the

inventorship must be amended in compliance with 37 CFR 1.48(b) if one or more of the

currently named inventors is no longer an inventor of at least one claim remaining in the

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application. Any amendment of inventorship must be accompanied by a request under 37 CFR 1.48(b) and by the fee required under 37 CFR 1.17(i).

Drawings

6. The drawings are objected to under 37 CFR 1.83(a). The drawings must show every feature of the invention specified in the claims. Therefore, the plastic material of the closure must be shown in the cross sectional views as alternating thick and thin lines or the feature canceled from the claim(s). No new matter should be entered.

Corrected drawing sheets in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121(d) are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. Any amended replacement drawing sheet should include all of the figures appearing on the immediate prior version of the sheet, even if only one figure is being amended. The figure or figure number of an amended drawing should not be labeled as "amended." If a drawing figure is to be canceled, the appropriate figure must be removed from the replacement sheet, and where necessary, the remaining figures must be renumbered and appropriate changes made to the brief description of the several views of the drawings for consistency. Additional replacement sheets may be necessary to show the renumbering of the remaining figures. Each drawing sheet submitted after the filling date of an application must be labeled in the top margin as either "Replacement Sheet" or "New Sheet" pursuant to 37 CFR 1.121(d). If the changes are not accepted by the examiner, the applicant will be notified and informed of any required corrective action in the next Office action. The objection to the drawings will not be held in abeyance.

7. The drawings are objected to under 37 CFR 1.83(a) because they fail to show the plastic material of the closure in the cross sectional views as described in the specification. Any structural detail that is essential for a proper understanding of the disclosed invention should be shown in the drawing. MPEP § 608.02(d). Corrected drawing sheets in compliance with 37 CFR

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1.121(d) are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. Any amended replacement drawing sheet should include all of the figures appearing on the immediate prior version of the sheet, even if only one figure is being amended. The figure or figure number of an amended drawing should not be labeled as "amended." If a drawing figure is to be canceled, the appropriate figure must be removed from the replacement sheet, and where necessary, the remaining figures must be renumbered and appropriate changes made to the brief description of the several views of the drawings for consistency. Additional replacement sheets may be necessary to show the renumbering of the remaining figures. Each drawing sheet submitted after the filling date of an application must be labeled in the top margin as either "Replacement Sheet" or "New Sheet" pursuant to 37 CFR 1.121(d). If the changes are not accepted by the examiner, the applicant will be notified and informed of any required corrective action in the next Office action. The objection to the drawings will not be held in abeyance.

Specification

8. The title of the invention is not descriptive. A new title is required that is clearly indicative of the invention to which the claims are directed. The claims are directed to a container as well as the closure and the tab extension is not included in the title.

Claim Objections

9. Claims 1,6,10, and 14 are objected to because of the following informalities: the phrase "said thickness are measured" is grammaitclaly incorrect. Appropriate correction is required.

Double Patenting

10. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. A nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting

rejection is appropriate where the conflicting claims are not identical, but at least one examined application claim is not patentably distinct from the reference claim(s) because the examined application claim is either anticipated by, or would have been obvious over, the reference claim(s). See, e.g., In re Berg, 140 F.3d 1428, 46 USPQ2d 1226 (Fed. Cir. 1998); In re Goodman, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); In re Longi, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); In re Van Ornum, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); In re Vogel, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and In re Thorington, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) or 1.321(d) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent either is shown to be commonly owned with this application, or claims an invention made as a result of activities undertaken within the scope of a joint research agreement.

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

11. Claims 1-21 are rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-17 of U.S. Patent No. 6,371,317 (Krueger) in view of Odet (US 5,096,079). The patent claims of Krueger teach the claimed closure, tamper indicating band, and/or closure and container combination except for the tab extension arranged on the tab and extending in a direction of extension of extending members of the tab. Odet teaches it is known to provide a tamper indicating band with tabs having tab extensions (32) arranged on the tab and extending in a direction of extension of extending members of the tabs. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made

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to provide tab extensions on the tabs of Krueger as taught by Odet. Doing so provides a more secure engagement between the closure and an associated bottleneck prior to first removal of the closure.

12. Claims 1-21 are directed to an invention not patentably distinct from claims 1-17 of commonly assigned US Patent 6,371,317 to Krueger. Specifically, the claims of the instant invention further recite a tab extension on each of the tabs. The patent claims of Krueger teach the claimed closure, tamper indicating band, and/or closure and container combination except for the tab extension arranged on the tab and extending in a direction of extension of extending members of the tab. Odet teaches it is known to provide a tamper indicating band with tabs having tab extensions (32) arranged on the tab and extending in a direction of extension of extending members of the tabs. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide tab extensions on the tabs of Krueger as taught by Odet. Doing so provides a more secure engagement between the closure and an associated bottleneck prior to first removal of the closure.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

13. Claims 1-21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being obvious over Krueger in view of Odet.

The applied reference has a common assignee with the instant application. Based upon the earlier effective U.S. filing date of the reference, it constitutes prior art only under 35 U.S.C. 102(e). This rejection under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) might be overcome by: (1) a showing under 37 CFR 1.132 that any invention disclosed but not claimed in the reference was derived from the inventor of this application and is thus not an invention "by another"; (2) a showing of a date of invention for the claimed subject matter of the application which corresponds to subject matter disclosed but not claimed in the reference, prior to the effective U.S. filing date of the reference

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under 37 CFR 1.131; or (3) an oath or declaration under 37 CFR 1.130 stating that the application and reference are currently owned by the same party and that the inventor named in the application is the prior inventor under 35 U.S.C. 104, together with a terminal disclaimer in accordance with 37 CFR 1.321(c). This rejection might also be overcome by showing that the reference is disqualified under 35 U.S.C. 103(c) as prior art in a rejection under 35 U.S.C. 103(a). See MPEP § 706.02(l)(1) and § 706.02(l)(2). The patent claims of Krueger teach the claimed closure, tamper indicating band, and/or closure and container combination except for the tab extension arranged on the tab and extending in a direction of extension of extending members of the tab. Odet teaches it is known to provide a tamper indicating band with tabs having tab extensions (32) arranged on the tab and extending in a direction of extension of extending members of the tabs. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide tab extensions on the tabs of Krueger as taught by Odet. Doing so provides a more secure engagement between the closure and an associated bottleneck prior to first removal of the closure.

Conclusion

- 14. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Various prior art closures teaching features similar to those disclosed and/or claimed are cited for their disclosures.
- In order to reduce pendency and avoid potential delays, Group 3720 is encouraging FAXing of responses to Office Actions directly into the Group at (571) 273-8300. This practice may be used for filing papers not requiring a fee. It may also be used for filing papers which require a fee by applicants who authorize charges to a PTO deposit account. Please identify the examiner and art unit at the top of your cover sheet. Papers submitted via FAX into Group 3720 will be promptly forwarded to the examiner.

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16. It is called to applicant's attention that if a communication is faxed before the reply time has expired, applicant may submit the reply with a "Certificate of Facsimile" which merely asserts that the reply is being faxed on a given date. So faxed, before the period for reply has expired, the reply may be considered timely. A suggested format for a certificate follows:

| The l | I hereby certify that this correspondence for Application Serial No is being facsimiled to U.S. Patent and Trademark Office via fax number 571-273-8300 on the date shown below: |
|-------|--|
| | Typed or printed name of person signing this certificate |
| | Signature |
| | Date |

17. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Robin Hylton whose telephone number is (571) 272-4540. The examiner can normally be reached Monday - Friday from 9:00 a.m. to 4:00 p.m. (Eastern time).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Nathan Newhouse, can be reached on (571) 272-4544.

If in receiving this Office Action it is apparent to applicant that certain documents are missing, e.g., copies of references cited, form PTO-1449, form PTO-892, etc., requests for copies of such papers should be directed to Errica Miller at (571) 272-4370.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

RAH December 10, 2005

> Robin A. Hylton Primary Examiner GAU 3727